



Ricardo  
Rail

## In Field Implementation of Contactless Wayside Pantograph Monitoring

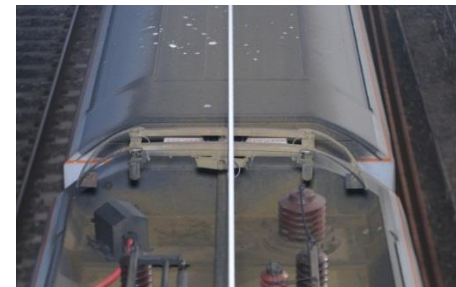
Name: Arjan Rodenburg

# The Network Rail trial

Trial with Camera-based Uplift system & Pantograph Integrity monitoring

Goal Network Rail:

- Asset Protection WCML & Replacing obsolete Panchex (1980)
- Systems maintenance without disruption to traffic

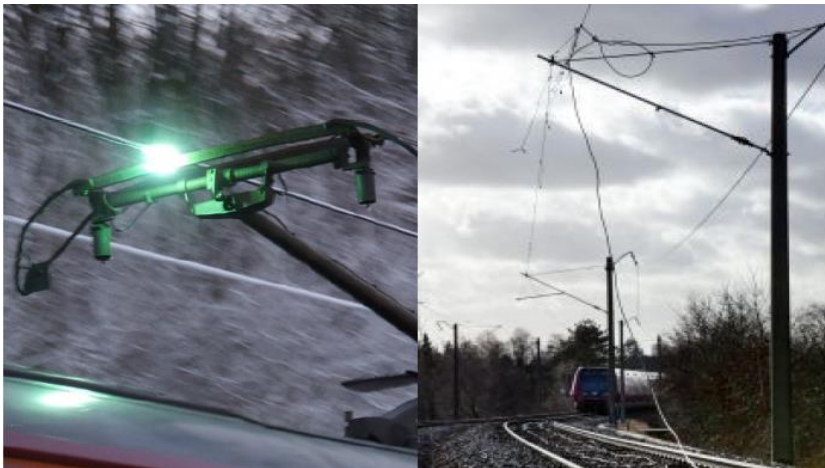


## Why would one monitor a pantograph



# Why would one monitor a pantograph

- Defective pan can lead to dewirement
- Dewirement leads to huge delays (negative impact on availability) and high costs
- Increased wear due to arcing or high uplift
- Prevent damage to the vehicle
- Optimise pantograph maintenance





## Ricardo PanMon solution

A system consisting of two separate modules:

- The Sensys Gatso Advanced Pantograph Monitoring System with Ricardo Image Processing
- The Ricardo/DMA lineside Uplift system



Sensys  
Gatso  
Group



 DMA  
ACCURATE & RELIABLE

- High uplift generates increased wear of contact wire and carbon strips
- Low uplift leads to arcing and rapid wear of the carbon strips

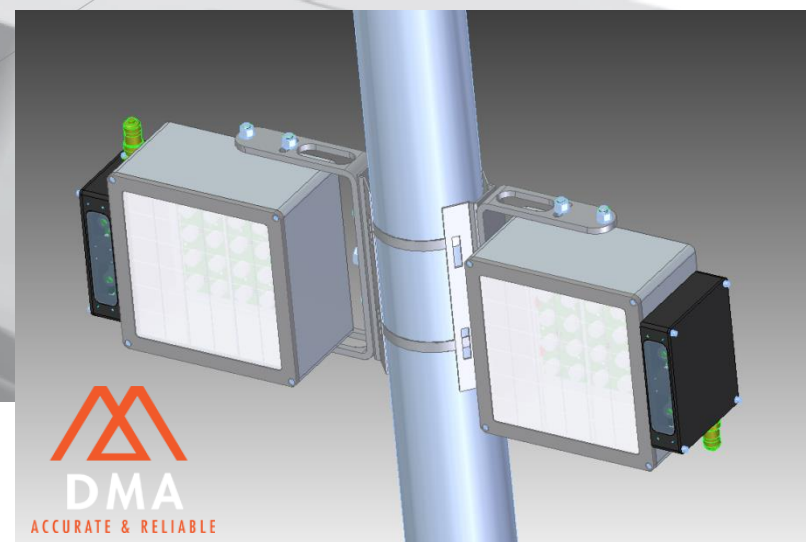
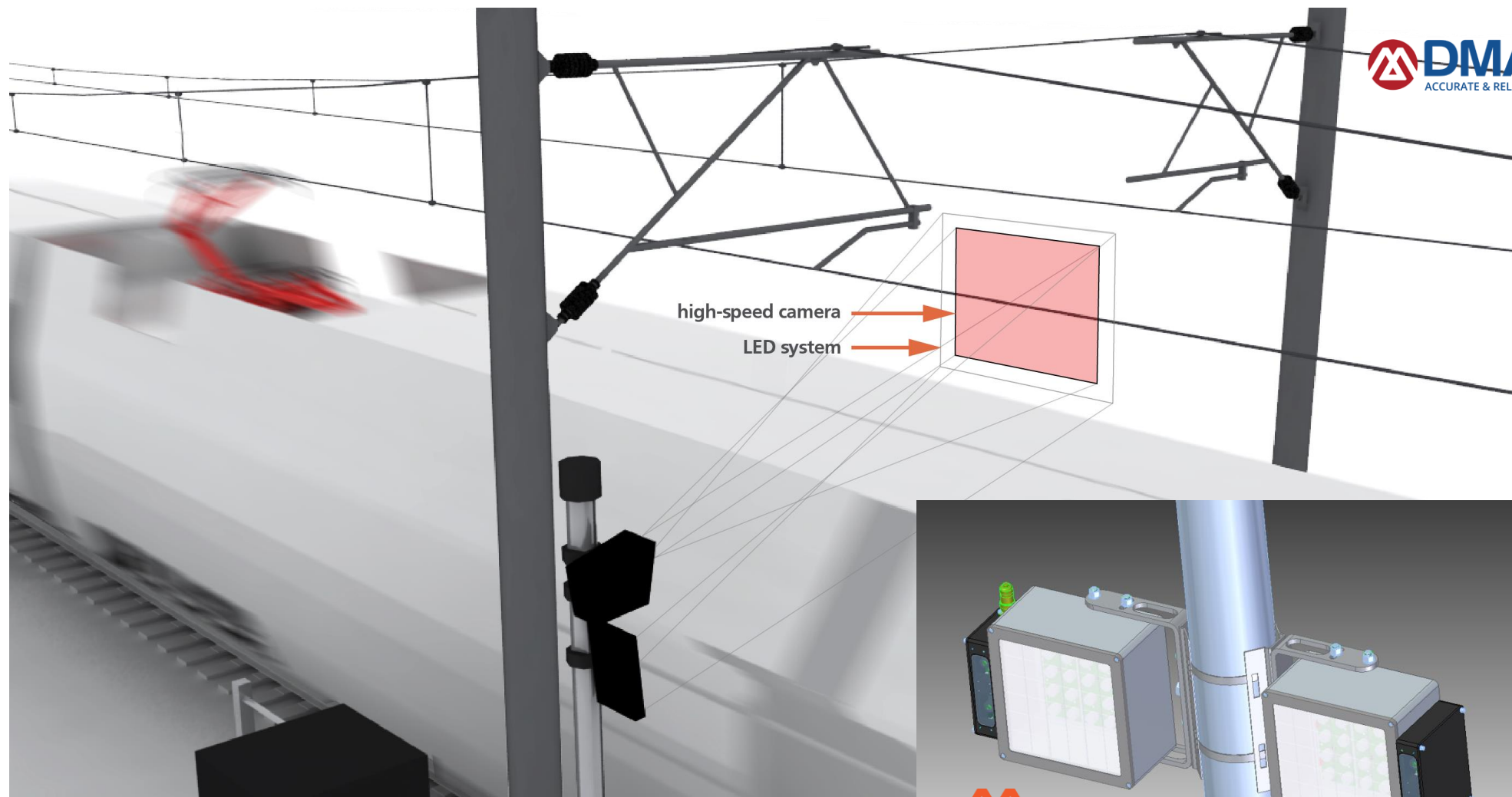
What should be measured?

- Displacement of the contact wire (alarm too high / too low)
- Train unit identification

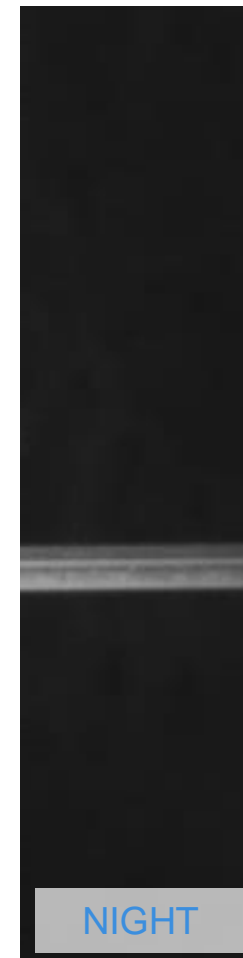
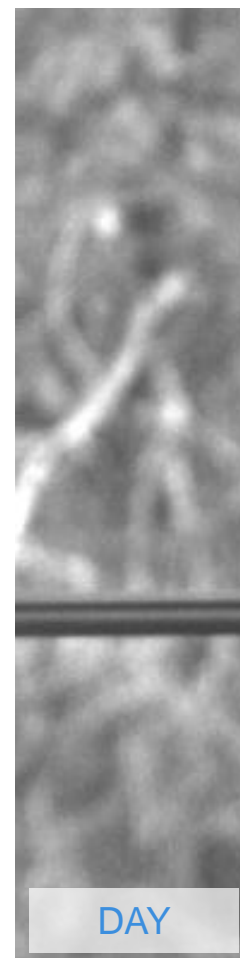
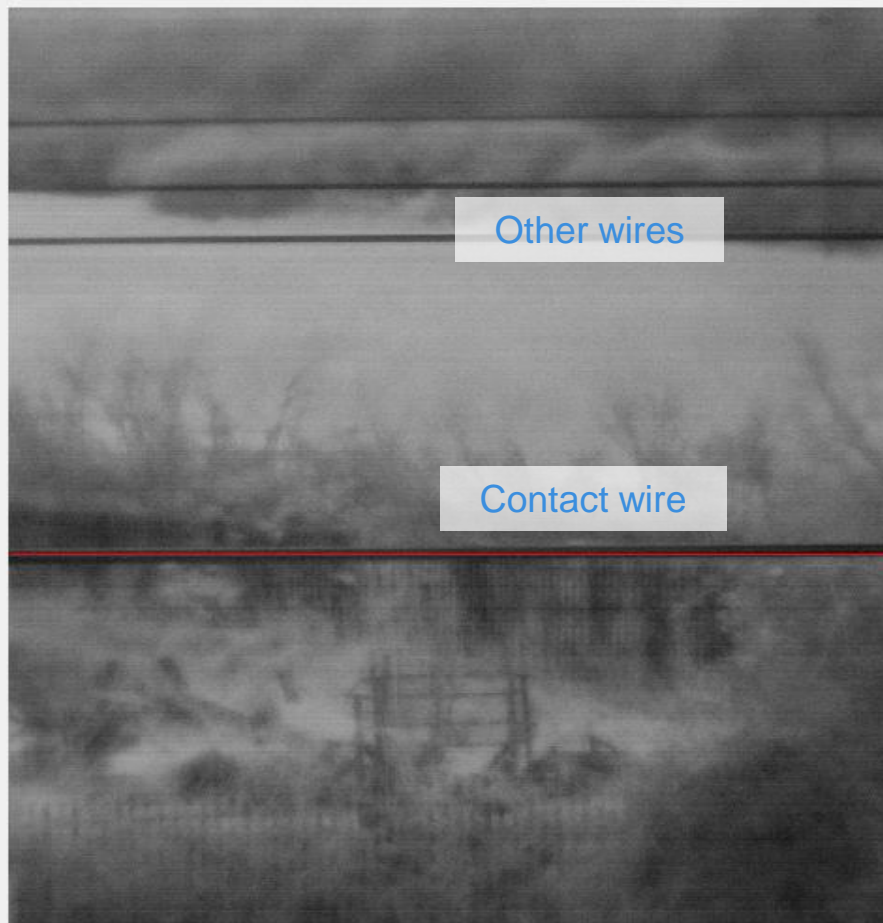
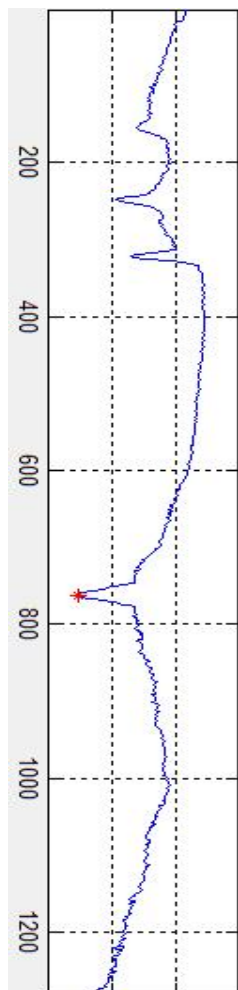
How can this be measured?

- With linear displacement sensors (non-contactless)
- With laser distance sensor (semi-contactless)
- With lineside camera (contactless) Implemented solution

## Uplift Lineside camera

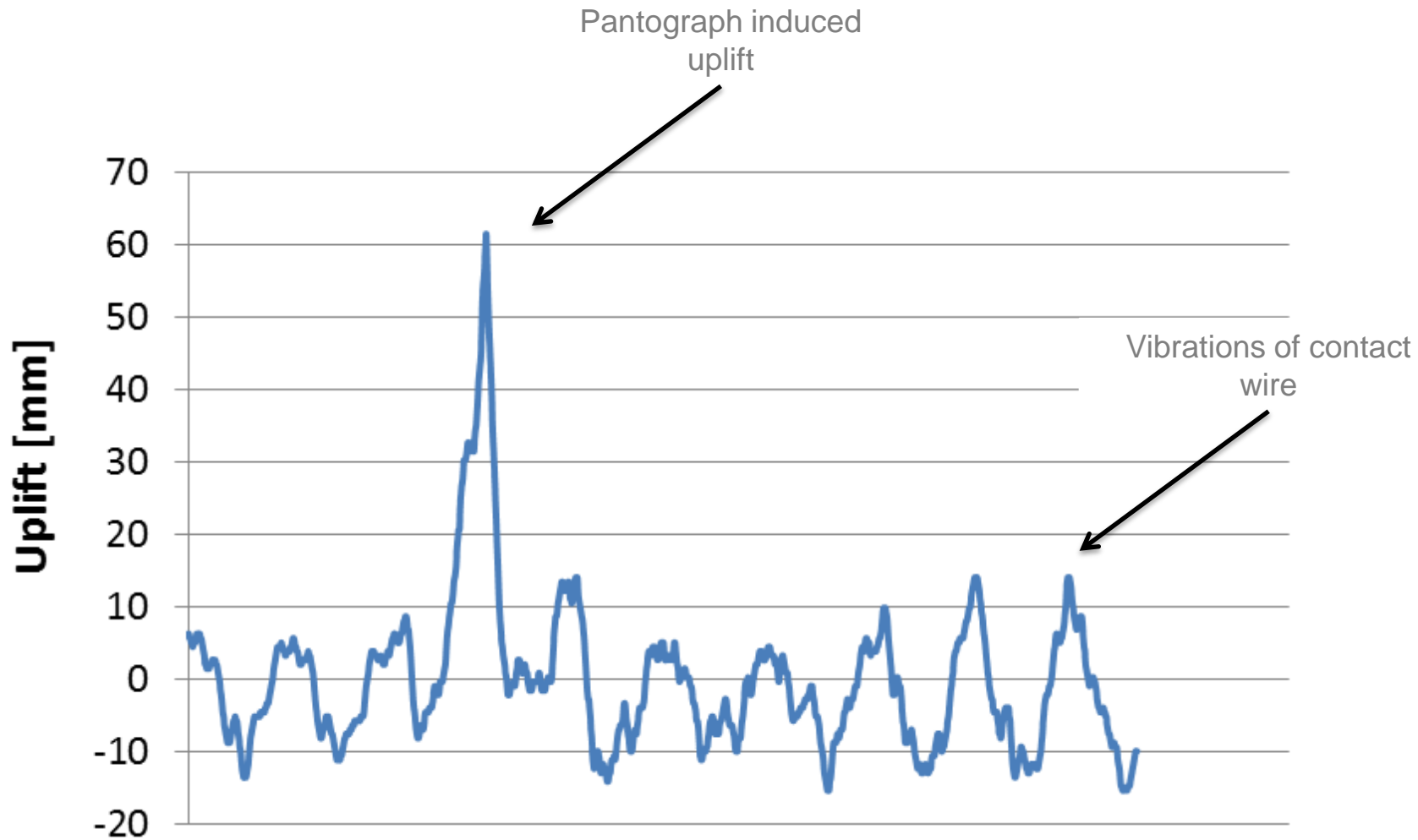


# Uplift Lineside camera images





## Uplift Lineside camera measurement



## Pantograph Integrity, how

- Worn carbon strips need to be replaced to prevent damage
- Pantographs with defects need to be lowered to prevent damage

### What should be measured

- Train unit identification
- Type of pantograph (automatic detection)
- Wear of the carbon strip (remaining thickness, thickness profile)
- Carbon strip integrity: discontinuities, chips
- Presence and status (broken, bent) of end horns
- Defects of the strip holder (bent, broken, misaligned)
- Detection of missing pantograph aerofoils

### How can this be measured

- With laser scanners
- With camera and image processing (Implemented solution)

## Pantograph Integrity, acquire pantograph photo



Technology for road traffic speed enforcement adapted to a rail application

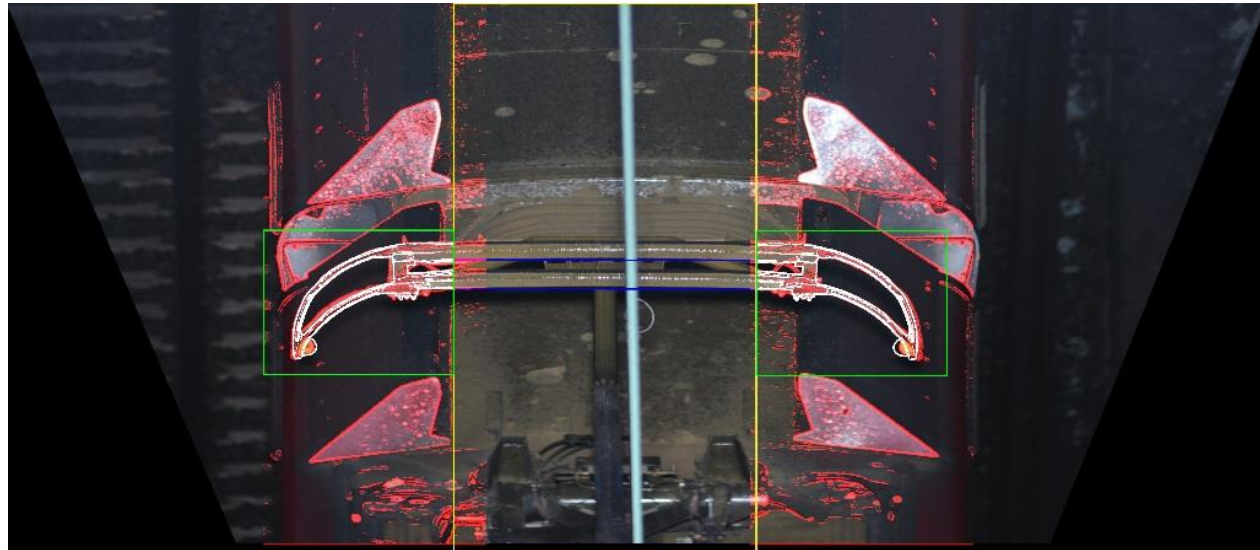


Sitecode	Date	Time	Distance	Operator	Type
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Radar ID	Speed	Sign Speed			
55F5B5120000	194.1 km/h	25 km/h			

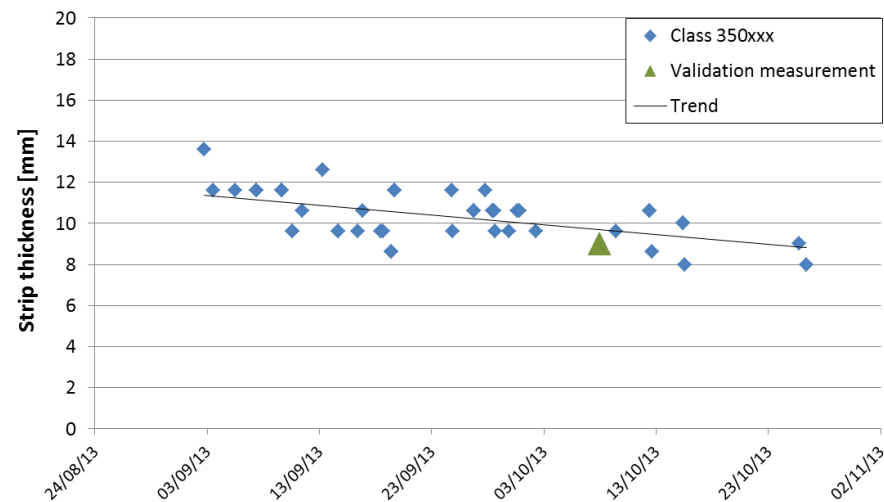
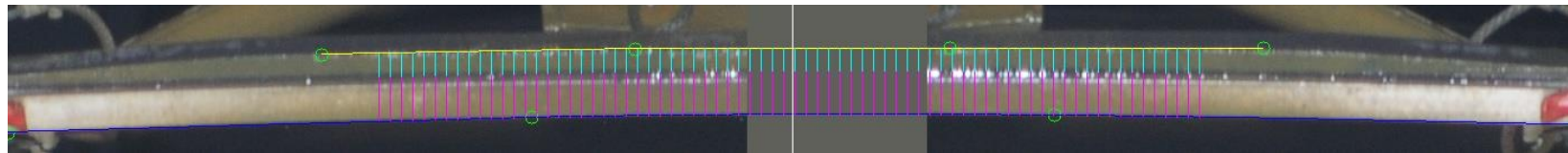
A high-speed photograph of a train's pantograph system. The pantograph is a mechanical arm with a red and yellow contact shoe, positioned over the overhead power lines. The train's body is dark, and the background is blurred due to motion.

# Pantograph Integrity, type recognition

1. Acquire the photo
2. Transform photo to isolate site specifics
3. Define Region of Interest for endhorns
4. Search pantograph templates for best 2 matches
5. Zoom in on details to find the ultimate best match



- Trace top and bottom of carbon strip
- Calculate remaining thickness
- Send alert when wear limit is reached
- Trend analysis to predict when wear limit will be reached



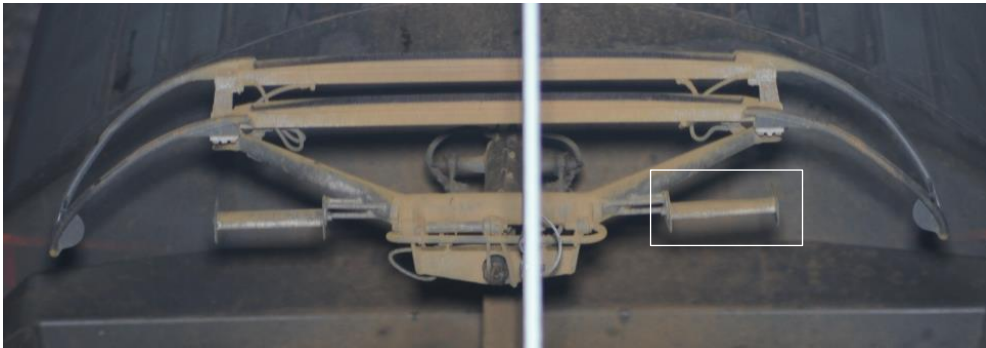


## Defects detected

Damaged endhorn



Damaged aerofoil

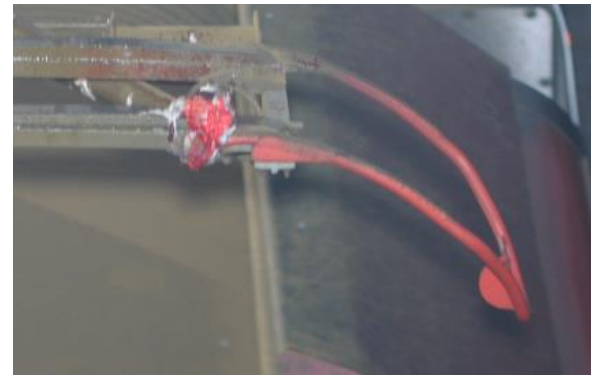
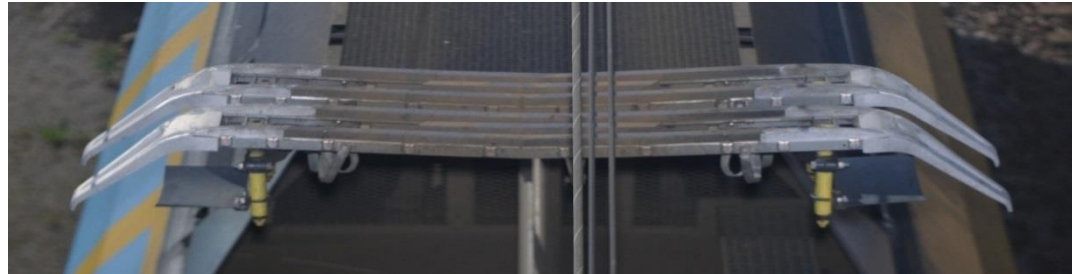


Missing pieces of carbon (chips)



## Challenges we are facing

How to teach the software to detect defects that are likely to cause an incident but occur very rarely?



# Network Rail Certificate of Acceptance





**Certificate of Acceptance** PA05/05657

**Manufacturer:**  
Ricardo Rail

**Issue :** 1  
**Valid From :** 28/09/2015

## Trackside Pantograph Monitoring System

### Product Description

'Panmon' Trackside Pantograph Monitoring System



### Scope of Acceptance

'Panmon' Consists of 2 integrated (but separable) sub systems:-


- 1) An Automatic Pantograph Monitoring System (APMS) which takes a photograph of each passing pantograph & utilises shape recognition software to identify defects.
- 2) An Uplift Monitoring System (UMS) which utilises a remote camera installed on a hinged lightweight signal post to measure contact wire uplift.

Subject to the specific & general terms contained in this certificate.

Note acceptance excludes the user interface – system currently requires manual interrogation of output data.

Network Rail Acceptance Panel (NRAAP) hereby authorises the product above for use and trial use on railway infrastructure for which Network Rail is the Infrastructure Manager under the ROGS regulations.

Reviewed by:

  
Steven Reynolds  
Product Acceptance Specialist

Authorised by:

  
Paul Conway  
Acting Head of Plant

Please contact [technical.products@networkrail.co.uk](mailto:technical.products@networkrail.co.uk)

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**Thank you for your attention**

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